ISSN: 2753-359X

Journal of Sexual Medicine & Research



Review Article Open d Access

Sexuality and Social Perception: Between Freedom of Expression and Shame

Nataša Štern and Milan Krajnc

Academician, Psychotherapist, Monaco

*Corresponding author

Milan Krajnc, Academician, Psychotherapist, Monaco.

Received: February 28, 2025; Accepted: March 04, 2025; Published: March 12, 2025

Introduction

Sexuality is a Fundamental Aspect Of Human Existence, shaping individual identity, interpersonal relationships, and psychological well-being. Across cultures and historical periods, the expression of sexuality has been regulated, idealized, or even suppressed, depending on religious beliefs, social norms, and political ideologies.

Modern societies have witnessed significant progress in sexual openness, yet taboos surrounding sexual desires, preferences, and non-traditional relationships persist. Many individuals still experience shame, guilt, or fear when discussing their sexual needs, leading to emotional suppression, hidden desires, and, in many cases, dishonesty within relationships.

The paradox of contemporary sexuality is that, while discussions about sex are more visible in the media and public discourse, intimate, honest conversations between partners about personal sexual needs often remain absent. This lack of openness can result in:

- **Unfulfilled Relationships** where one or both partners feel sexually dissatisfied.
- Infidelity as a way of seeking sexual fulfillment elsewhere.
- Frustration and Emotional Detachment, impacting both personal and professional life.

At the same time, societal expectations and moral judgments continue to dictate what is considered "normal" and "acceptable" in sexual behavior. People with unconventional desires may feel compelled to hide their preferences, even in long-term committed relationships, for fear of being judged, ridiculed, or abandoned.

This article aims to analyze the concept of "healthy sex," explore the role of fetishes in psychological well-being, discuss the impact of sexual satisfaction on mental and emotional health, and challenge the existing societal biases that still shape the way we perceive sex.

What is Healthy Sex?

Defining "Healthy Sex" goes beyond biological function or reproduction. In psychological and sociological contexts, Healthy Sex is characterized by:

- Mutual consent: Sexual activity must always be voluntary and agreed upon by all participants.
- Open communication: Expressing personal desires and boundaries without fear of judgment.
- Respect for individuality: Understanding that sexual preferences and needs vary among individuals and should not be a source of shame.
- Emotional and psychological safety: A relationship where both partners feel free to explore their desires without fear of ridicule, rejection, or social repercussions.

The absence of these key factors can lead to sexual repression, frustration, and dissatisfaction, which often manifests in various negative ways—from infidelity to emotional distance or self-esteem issues [1].

Research suggests that individuals who engage in sexually satisfying relationships report higher levels of happiness, self-confidence, and stress resilience. Yet, despite these benefits, many people struggle with expressing their needs openly [2].

Fetishes and Their Role in Mental Well-being

A significant yet often misunderstood aspect of sexuality is fetishism—a broad term that encompasses various sexual preferences and attractions toward specific stimuli, objects, or scenarios.

Many individuals with fetishes experience inner conflict between their desires and societal norms, leading to:

- Feelings of guilt or shame about their sexual inclinations.
- Hiding their preferences from partners, which can lead to emotional and physical dissatisfaction.
- Seeking fulfillment outside of committed relationships, due to fear of being misunderstood or rejected.

Psychological Explanation of Fetishes Why do some people enjoy fetishes?

- **Psychological Relaxation:** The human brain can associate pain with pleasure through learned conditioning [4].
- A shift in Control Dynamics: Fetishistic experiences often allow individuals to explore different power dynamics, providing a form of psychological release.
- Personal Sexual Identity: Fetishes are often an integral

J Sex Med Res, 2025 Volume 4(2): 1-2

Citation: Nataša Štern, Milan Krajnc (2025) Sexuality and Social Perception: Between Freedom of Expression and Shame. Journal of Sexual Medicine & Research. SRC/JSMR-148. DOI: doi.org/10.47363/JSMR/2025(4)129

part of one's sexuality rather than a sign of dysfunction [5].

Studies show that individuals who are open about their sexual preferences experience lower levels of anxiety, depression, and sexual frustration, emphasizing the importance of self-acceptance and open communication with partners [6].

Sex and Shame: Why Do People Struggle to Talk About Their Desires?

One of the most common barriers to sexual fulfillment is shame and fear of judgment.

Despite significant advancements in discussions around sexuality, many people still struggle to openly express their needs, desires, or fantasies. Studies indicate that over 60% of couples never discuss their sexual preferences often due to:

- Fear of Rejection: "What if my partner thinks I'm abnormal?"
- Social Stigma: "Will I be judged if I admit what turns me on?"
- Cultural Conditioning: "Good relationships shouldn't require discussions about sex."

However, a lack of communication does not eliminate desires it only suppresses them. Suppressed desires often lead to hidden frustrations, resentment, or infidelity [6].

The key to a healthy, fulfilling sexual relationship is open dialogue, where both partners feel safe to explore their needs without fear of judgment.

Sexual Satisfaction and Its Impact on Personal and Professional Life

Beyond pleasure, sexual satisfaction plays a crucial role in an individual's mental health, self-esteem, and social interactions. Studies have found that sexually satisfied individuals tend to be more productive, less prone to anxiety, and exhibit higher levels of emotional stability [7].

How Sexual Satisfaction Affects Daily Life

- Better Stress Management: Regular sexual activity has been linked to reduced cortisol (the stress hormone) and increased levels of dopamine and oxytocin, which promote relaxation.
- **Improved Self-confidence:** Sexually fulfilled individuals often display greater confidence and assertiveness in both personal and professional settings.
- Stronger Relationships: Healthy sexual communication fosters greater intimacy, trust, and emotional connection between partners.

Case studies Suggest that Sexual Frustration often Manifests in workplace Behavior:

- Men or women experiencing sexual dissatisfaction may become more irritable, aggressive, or competitive.
- Conversely, those who are sexually fulfilled tend to be more relaxed, communicative, and cooperative in professional environments.

Conclusion

Challenging Social Norms and Embracing Sexual Openness Sexuality is an integral part of human well-being, yet shame and stigma continue to restrict honest conversations about personal needs.

- Sex is not just a biological function but a key element of mental, emotional, and relational health.
- Open discussions about desires prevent misunderstandings, infidelity, and emotional disconnection.
- Each person has the right to explore their sexuality without fear of judgment or societal pressure.
- Perhaps the biggest obstacle to sexual fulfillment is not desire itself—but the fear of admitting what we truly want.

References

- Brody S (2010) The relative health benefits of different sexual activities. Journal of Sexual Medicine 7: 1336-1361.
- Muise A, Schimmack U, Impett EA (2016) Sexual frequency predicts greater well-being, but more so for those who have satisfying sex lives. Social Psychological and Personality Science 7: 295-303.
- 3. Pavlović D (2018) Pain and pleasure: Psychological mechanisms of masochistic tendencies. Psychology Today.
- 4. Lehmiller J (2018) Tell Me What You Want: The Science of Sexual Desire and How It Can Help You Improve Your Sex Life. Da Capo Press https://www.researchgate.net/publication/327140003_Tell_Me_What_You_Want_The_Science_of_Sexual_Desire_and_How_It_Can_Help_You_Improve_Your_Sex_Life.
- 5. Barker M (2018) Rewriting the Rules: An Integrative Guide to Love, Sex, and Relationships. Routledge https://www.routledge.com/Rewriting-the-Rules-An-Anti-Self-Help-Guide-to-Love-Sex-and-Relationships/Barker/p/book/9781 138043596?srsltid=AfmBOopusFzh7DMp2XSJnOcFxU3f Re3na9nDjsqh7H8Ng-jfnAVDmHrx.
- 6. Perel E (2017) The State of Affairs: Rethinking Infidelity. HarperCollins https://www.harpercollins.com/products/the-state-of-affairs-esther-perel?variant=40841414934562.
- 7. Meston CM, Buss DM (2007) Why humans have sex. Archives of Sexual Behavior, 36: 477-507.

Copyright: ©2025 Milan Krajnc. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

J Sex Med Res, 2025 Volume 4(2): 2-2